Fungicide treatment for controlling of upper stem rot (USR) disease in oil palm

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and

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Fungicide control of USR disease in oil palm

Research approach:

- 1. Study site: Miri, Sarawak; peat soil
- 2. USR census was conducted:
 - 20/6/2016 24/6/2016
 - 28/11/2016 3/12/2016
- 2. Application of fungicides (2 times/year) 6th months interval
- 3. First fungicide application: 30/11 3/12/2016
- 4. Data collection at 3-months interval:
 - Survival palms (dead/standing);
 - Foliar symptoms (%SFS);
 - Fruitification (fruiting body);
 - Yield census (flower; fruit bunches)





Material & Methods

1. Treatments:

T1: USR palms treated with hexaconazole (Anvil®) - 90 ml + 3 L (4.5 g a.i)

T2: USR palms treated with tetraconazole (Galilio®) - 60 ml + 3 L (7.5 g a.i)

T3: Control – Untreated USR diseased palms

T4: Control – Untreated healthy palms

- 2. Application: Trunk Injection (2 L) and spraying (1 L) 3 L/palm
- 3. Experimental Design:

No. of treatments : 4

No. of USR palms : 12

Total of USR palms : 48











Selection of USR infected palm (confirm with fruiting body of *Ganoderma*) with disease severity index (DSI) 1 and 2 and with fruit bunches

Removal of old frond and fruiting body at the USR infected stem/trunk tissues using chisel

Drilling of two holes into the stem/trunk at 1 M height from soil level using motorised engine drill attached with a drill bit (45 cm long, 11 mm diameter)



Injecting fungicide solution using injector into drilling hole with a total of 2 litres/palm (1 L/hole)



Spraying 1 litre fungicide solution onto the USR stem/trunk infected tissues



Treatment code